

Global Wireless Energy & Telecoms (WET)



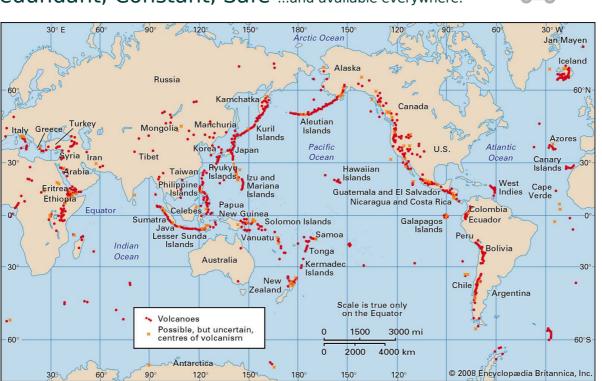
What if, instead of heating water with nuclear/fossil-fuels/solar/wind energy, magma was used?

- Geographically ubiquitous (no more wars)
- Here for millions of years, probably long after us
- Day/night, summer/winter constant energy

sustainability, zero man-made pollution.

Lossless Wireless Energy Transfers make it possible to get affordable energy worldwide. To transfer data, we just have to modulate the wireless energy signal (like LTE or Wi-Fi, but without any side effect).

Redundant, Constant, Safe ...and available everywhere:













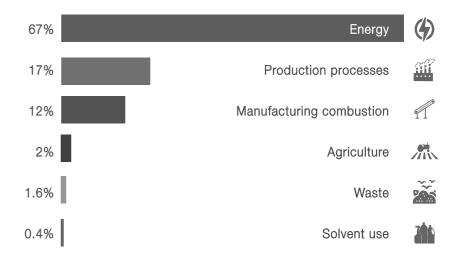


Energy-Grids are Fragile, costly, and polluting

Pollution is expensive, it kills people, animals, and plants

Air Pollution (Europe)

Total cost: **€329 billion** (and up to €1053 billion)



Transmission Losses are a recurring cost

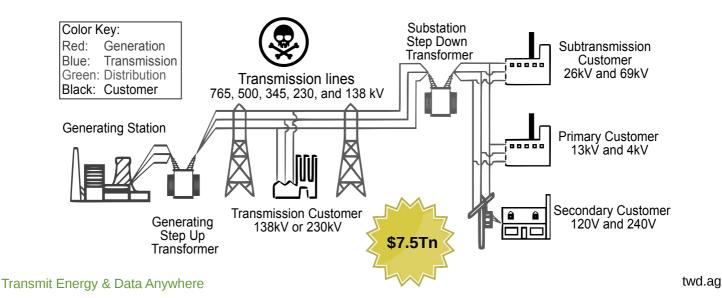
Waste is a net loss for taxpayers & consumers

	Energy Losses (TWh)	\$ Losses (billions)
Switzerland	4.56	0.2 - 0.8
France	38.60	1.9 - 6.7
Germany	27.02	1.3 - 4.7
U.K.	26.14	1.3 - 4.5
U.S.A	244.11	11.9 – 42.5
China	319.58	15.6 – 55.6

(TWh price range: USD 49m-174m)

Deployment Costs

The U.S. grid's cost is \$7.5 trillion (\$1-3 million a mile)



Telecoms without infrastructure nor any dark zones

Better Service, and a much higher Resilience

Affordable Telecoms without pollution and waste

Immensely Reduced Energy Consumption

Only endpoints (transmitter, receiver) need Energy – and they fetch it from the remote Energy source Radio-waves and microwaves are absorbed and refracted by physical obstacles (buildings, mountains, clouds, fog, rain), creating "dark zones".

This is why signal repeaters (terrestrial and spacial "relays") are required everywhere to cover several continents.

No such requirements exist with Lossless Wireless Energy Transfers because metal and water are traversed seamlessly.

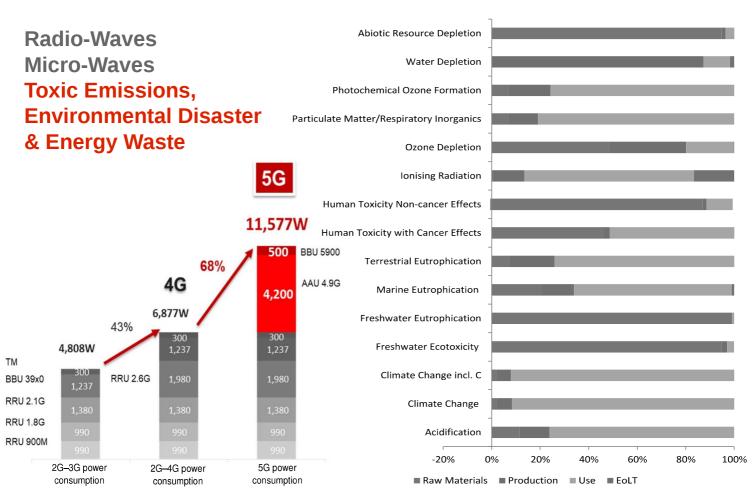
The WET technology allows for deployments without a critical infrastructure – hereby waving gargantuan deployment and operating costs (and ubiquitous vulnerabilities).

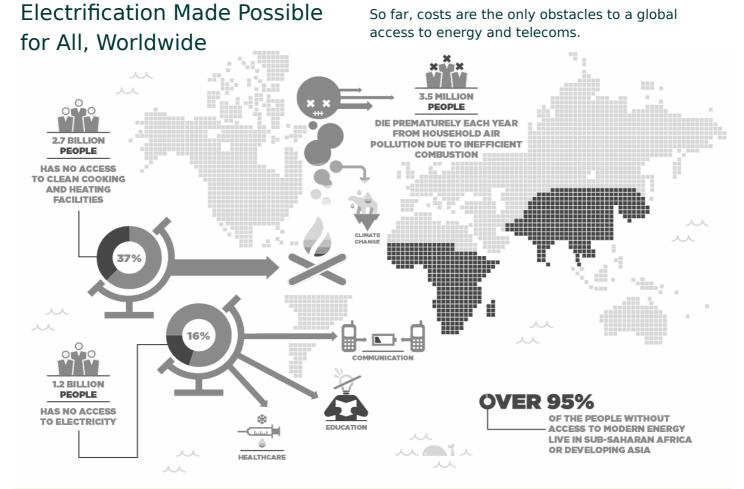
For a century, studies and even public policy reports confirm that radio-waves are detrimental to life (humans, animals, and plants) – but we keep deploying them in ever-growing toxic forms (more relays, higher frequencies, focused beams tracking users) to compensate for their inherent defects.

WET completely avoids the radio-waves/microwaves toxicity by preventing alive creatures from becoming antennas.

The energy signal is entirely used by the receiver and as a result no stray energy is accidentally received by the nearby living creatures.

Why keep doing wrong when we have a way to do better (more speed, lower latency, less energy, no damage)?

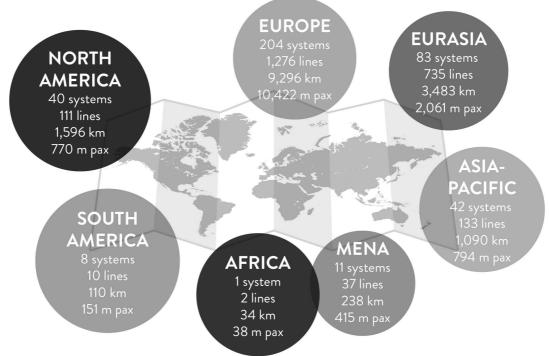




Until recently, rich countries did not care much about energy costs – and energy supply safety. But the current geopolitical energy crisis has shown that better solutions are much needed – both for consumers and for all economic activities.

Mobility Redefined – both for private and public usages

From electric cars, buses, tramways and trains to boats and planes – no more pollution, and drastically reduced costs allow for global deployments:



What the IEA says...

"Annual emissions due to energy loss from the transmission of electricity on the power grid is more than emissions from other industries."

International Energy Agency (2019)

What the industry says...



"Attackers are hacking energy grids by exploiting software."



U.S. Department of Energy

"DoE is working toward a 100% carbon-free power sector by 2035 in support of President Biden's climate goals."

TWD products since 1998

After the dot.com crisis, and 20+ million RA licenses deployed, TWD declined \$20m from Summit Partners, the largest and oldest venture capitalist. In 2009, using organic growth, more than 280 million RA licenses have been deployed in 136 countries. Long-term projects often demand long term investments.



SLIMalloc (2020+)

As a memory allocator (either used by one application or system-wide) SLIMalloc first offered a faster and flawless design – safe against memory allocation errors and against system errors (both were handled without corrupting memory so programs could keep going instead of crashing). In 2023, SLIMalloc increased its memory-safety coverage to the system, third-party libraries, and C programs to deliver "memory safety" to the C programming language - the root cause of 70-90% of all vulnerabilities for decades, according to the NSA.



Global-WAN (2010+)

Global-WAN was (and still is) the only Level-2 distributed VPN relying on "post-quantum" (a decade before NIST PQE standards) and "unconditional" security (safe forever by preserving the whole key-space and therefore the algebraic plausibility of any potential key and plaintext).



G-WAN Application Server (2009+)

G-WAN was 4x faster than Microsoft IIS 7.5 and offered servlets (in 18 scripted languages: C, C++, Java, C#, etc). Like RA (1998), it was immediately deleted as a "virus" by Microsoft partners called in 2004 the VIA (Virus Information Alliance). Porting G-WAN to Linux made it faster and more scalable. Despite its many features, G-WAN uses less CPU/RAM than NGINX - and had no vulnerabilities.



Directory Server (2003-2009)

The patented DS (Directory Server) allowed small businesses and large accounts deploy RA without configuring routers and firewalls, manage access rights, deploy and inventory assets - without any setup. It also allowed people to "recycle" RA licenses so that any newly deployed slot would replace the oldest slot (among the slots marked as available for recycling - others being "fixed" slots).



Remote-Anything (1998-2009)

As a Desktop-Sharing and file-transfer application (competing with HP Carbon-Copy, Symantec PCAnywhere, and Traveling Software Laplink), RA was much smaller (one single 50 KB executable file), much faster (even on slow links), and much safer (no vulnerability in its lifetime).

For more information, contact TWD at:

+41 554-142-093 (Worldwide)

TWD Industries AG Paradiesli 17 CH-8842 Unteriberg